

**YESTERDAY'S WEATHER**  
H. A. WEATHER BUREAU  
Sept. 18, 1916.—Last twenty-  
four hours: rainfall, .03.  
Temperature, Min. 70; Max.  
83. Weather, pt. cloudy.

# Hawaiian Gazette

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS  
SEP 21 1916  
HAWAIIAN DEPT.

LATEST CABLED SUGAR QUOTATIONS	
Per Centrifugal N. Y.	Cents Dollars
Price, Hawaiian basis	5.37 \$105.40
Last previous quoti-	5.52 \$110.40
tion	

VOL. IX, NO. 78 HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1916. —SEMI-WEEKLY. WHOLE NUMBER 4549

## GREEKS INSIST ON ENTERING GREAT WAR AS ENTENTE ALLY

Feeling Against Bulgarians and Policy of Their Own Government Is Said Becoming More Bitter Among People of Hellas

NEW PRIME MINISTER SAYS HE IS NOT PRO-TEUTON

Success of Allies and Reports Brought Back By Garrison of Kavala Stir Anger of People of Capital To White Heat

(Associated Press by Federal Wireline)  
LONDON, September 19.—In answer to the demands of the people of Greece for the immediate entry of that country into the war on the side of the Entente, the new prime minister of King Constantine, M. Nicholas Kalogoropoulos, issued a statement last night in which he reiterated his former assertion that he is not a pro-German in sympathy, and that the policy he and the newly formed cabinet under his direction intend to pursue is one of "benevolent neutrality," toward the Entente powers.

The situation yesterday reached a climax in Greece. The tremendous strides of the Allies in the West, the appearance of masses of reinforcements for the Russians and the Rumanians in the Dobruja district of Rumania, and the capture of Florina on the frontier of Albania and Macedonia by the Allies acting against the Bulgarian and Teutonic armies, united to form a powerful argument against the continuance of the past policy of the Greek government.

In addition to this the feeling among the Greeks has been growing more and more bitter against the Bulgarians. The arrival here of many of the members of the Greek garrison at Kavala, which was surrendered to the Bulgars without a blow being struck by the Greek general in command, and the subsequent deportation of a large number of Greek troops to Germany, has fanned the flame of Greek wrath first against the Bulgarians and the Germans and next against their own government. It was said in Athens last night that no government can stand that is not actively pro-Entente in its policy, and the general opinion is that M. Kalogoropoulos will be forced to be more than "benevolently neutral" or resign.

The statement continued with the assertion that the attitude of the Greek government in other respects, would be decided only after a careful examination of the whole situation and a study of diplomatic documents now on file.

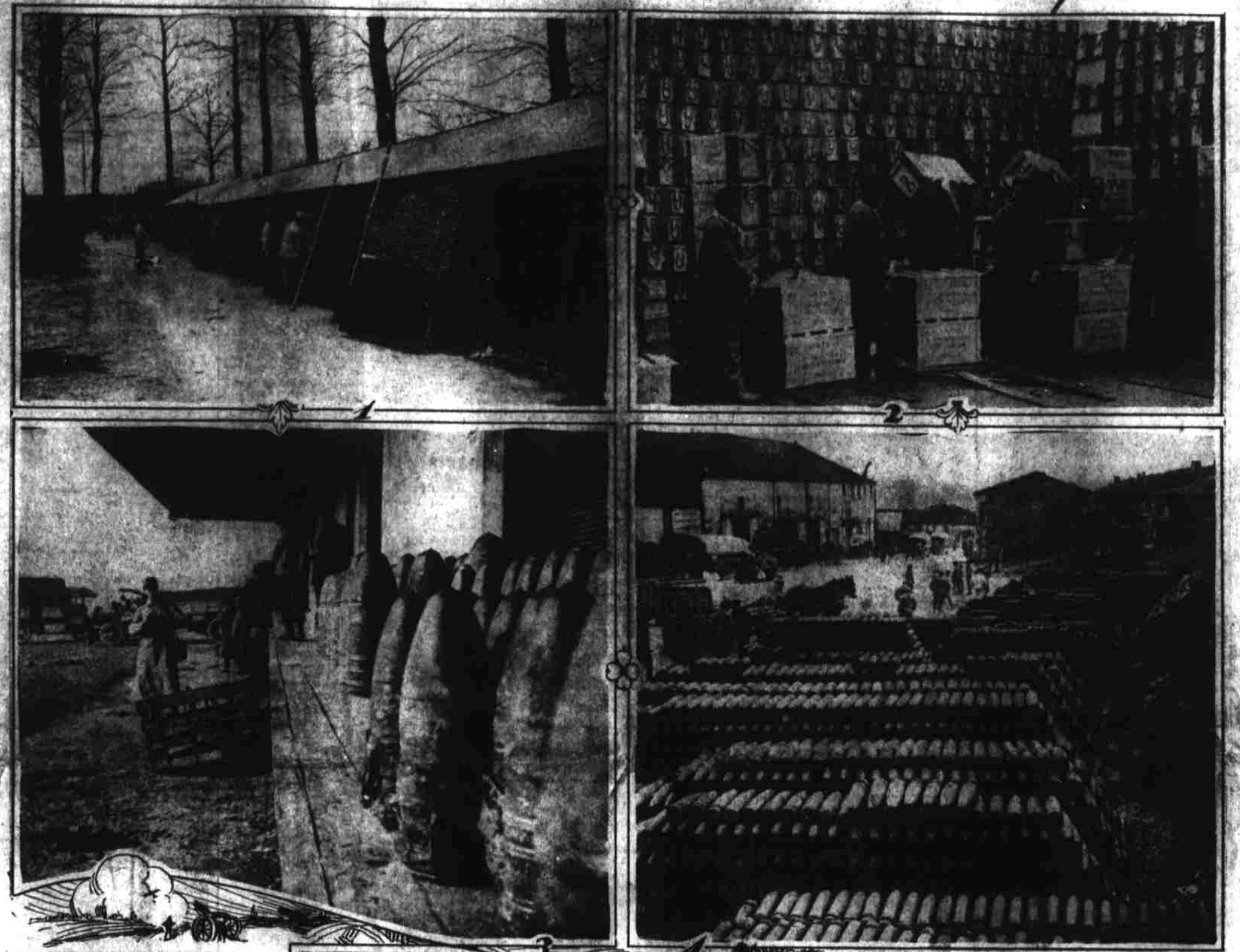
Athens was in an uproar all yesterday. The demands of the people that the government take action looking to the entry of the country into the war are growing in volume.

The first Greek troops to reach here since Kavala was occupied by the Bulgarians arrived there yesterday, bringing with them a hatred of the Bulgarians which has served to stir up the populace. The Kavala troops marched through the streets cheering King Constantine and shouting "Down with the Bulgars!"

Further north the Slavs have been checked by the Teutonic armies under the command of General von Bothmer and Field Marshall von Linsingen. West of Lutsk the Berlin reports declared last night that the Slavs had been repulsed, and added that they had

## Vast Supply of Shells Which French Have Behind Their Lines For Somme Offensive

THESE Photographs, Furnished The Advertiser By the French Government, Are of Scenes Taken Behind the Lines Since the July Offensive Was Launched. (1) A Covered Depot, Where Reserve Shells Are Stored. (2) Cases For '75' Shells, In Which the Ammunition Is Carried By Hand To the Firing Line. (3) Big Shells For the 202s. (4) Heaps of 75s Piled Along the Roadside Ready To Be Shifted Rapidly To the Front When the Guns Are Advanced Over Freshly Gained Territory. (5) M. Charles Humbert, Editor of the Paris Journal, Standing In the Midst of Heaped Up Shells Near the Front. M. Humbert Has Long Led the Movement To Supply the Army With Such a Preponderance of Ammunition That the German Artillery Could Be Smothered At Any Point Along the Line



## NEW YORK FACES GIGANTIC STRIKE

Seven Hundred Thousand Sympathizers of Traction Employees Threaten To Quit

(Associated Press by Federal Wireline)  
NEW YORK, September 19.—Seven hundred thousand workers of Greater New York will walk out of their jobs next Thursday morning, unless in the meantime Mayor Mitchell succeeds in finding a basis of settlement of the strike of the traction unions, which is still disorganizing the street traffic of the entire city.

The situation caused by the refusal of the unions to meet the traction companies and of the officials to meet the union leaders is becoming alarming. Violence of all sorts has been reported and yesterday several passengers in elevated trains were seriously injured by stones thrown by strikers or their sympathizers at the passing cars.

Other unions in the city have been called upon to vote on the question of a gigantic sympathetic strike, and yesterday two hundred thousand members of the United Hebrew Trades voted in favor of going on strike if asked to do so by the traction unions. Other unions are voting on the question and there is little doubt that the verdict will be for a strike.

Theodore P. Shonta, president of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, announced last night that nothing had happened to make him change his mind and confer with the leaders of the unions. He declared some days ago that the company would not hold any negotiations of any sort with the unions, since they had broken their pledges to the company.

**COLONEL BEACON IS DEAD**  
(Associated Press by Federal Wireline.)  
COLUMBUS, New Mexico, September 18.—Col. John Beacon of the Sixth Infantry has died at Colonia Dublan, Mexico, my reports which reached here today.



## GERMAN SUBMARINES DESTROY MANY SHIPS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireline.)  
BERLIN, September 19.—The Overseas News Agency announced last night that thirty five ships belonging to the enemy and to neutral nations were destroyed by submarine or mine in the period between September 3 and September 12.

## GENERAL MILLS DIES SUDDENLY IN CAPITAL

(Associated Press by Federal Wireline.)  
WASHINGTON, September 18.—Maj. Gen. Albert L. Mills, chief of the division of militia affairs in the war department, died here today. He was ill only fifteen hours, the cause of death being pneumonia.

## GERMANY EXACTS BIG LOAN FROM BELGIUM

(Associated Press by Federal Wireline.)  
WASHINGTON, September 19.—The Belgian legation here has filed a formal protest with the state department against a compulsory loan which the Germans in Belgium are demanding of the banks of that country.

## CHIHUAHUA RAID VICTIMS BURIED

Eight Villistas Who Were Taken Prisoners Are Executed By Carranzistas

(Associated Press by Federal Wireline)  
CITY OF CHIHUAHUA, September 19.—De facto government soldiers were kept busy yesterday removing the bodies of men and animals, killed in the Villa raid, from the streets of the city to burial grounds outside of town.

Eight prisoners were taken by the Carranzistas, among them being M. Chon, former chief of Villa's staff. All the prisoners were executed.

Work of repairing the telegraph and telephone systems has been started, and the railroad tracks torn up by the bandits are being replaced. Houses weakened by gunfire during the fighting have been dynamited, where they could not be restored.

The attack by the bandits and the ease with which the attacking soldiers gained access to the city have revealed a plot participated in by those inside the town. Numbers of residents of the city have been arrested, charged with complicity in the attack. Some of them are accused of "sniping" at the government troops and furnishing information to the bandits.

## BRITISH BITE STILL DEEPER INTO GERMAN LINE IN WEST

Sir Douglas Haig Announces In Official Statement That Thus Far Operations In France Have Been Important and Successful

GENERAL WITHDRAWAL OF TEUTONS EXPECTED

Indications Point To Retirement North of Liege Or Line of Antwerp, Namur and Mezieres To Consolidate Their Forces

(Associated Press by Federal Wireline.)  
PARIS, September 19.—Biting still deeper into the Teutonic lines north of the Somme, the British yesterday continued their steady advances, hurling back counter-attacks and gaining more ground. North of Fiers, which fell into the hands of the territorial troops the other day, they struck in the direction of Fancourt l'Abbaye and along a front of more than a mile they pushed the men under Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria back more than 1000 yards.

In this section of the front they are now in full command of the high ground that leads to and controls the approaches to Bapaume and they are pressing forward without stopping in their stride. Since September 14 they have advanced along the front between Thiepval and Comblain between a mile and a half and one mile. The width of this front is about one mile, but the crow flies, but much more if the indentations of the line are followed.

Sir Douglas Haig, commander-in-chief of the British forces in France, issued a statement last night dealing with the gains made by the new under his command. He declared that the operations now underway were "most important and have been most successful from all points of view."

The publication of this statement instantly revived the reports of an intended retirement by the Germans to a new line of defense farther to the east. Constant reports from Holland of late have told of enormous military activity behind the German lines. Inquiries in financial and commercial circles in touch with Holland have elicited the fact that the belief prevails in that country that Germany probably will attempt to shorten her present line in the West, and that before long.

It is pointed out that if the pressure of the British and French continues the German line must break at some point, and it is insisted that Germany is beginning to feel the need of more men or a shorter line to defend. The attacks of the Russians in the East and of the Allies in Macedonia are also beginning to tell heavily upon Teutonic resources in men and munitions, great as they still undoubtedly are.

Two Possible New Lines  
There are two possible lines to which the German grand command might retire, should such a step be found necessary or advisable. One of these is as far back as Maastricht, which is situated on the Dutch frontier north of Liege. It is believed, however, in Holland that if the pressure becomes much more severe in the East and West Field Marshal von Hindenburg will suggest a withdrawal to the line of Antwerp, Namur and Mezieres.

This, of course, would mean surrendering the whole of western Belgium and much of the portion of northern France which the Germans now hold, and the German line would then stand on the front of the Meuse and the Ardennes, where German engineers have been busy for months preparing for such a contingency. They have been particularly active about Namur and Antwerp, where the fortifications have been strengthened in every possible way.

## RAID REPORTS EXAGGERATED, SAY WASHINGTON OFFICIALS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireline.)  
WASHINGTON, September 19.—No official reports of the Villa raid on the City of Chihuahua have been received here and government officials are inclined to regard the reports of the affair as grossly exaggerated.

## BIRDMAN FALLS TO DEATH

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji)  
TOKIO, September 19.—Lieutenant Higuchi, a graduate of the training school of the aviation corps, fell and was instantly killed during a practice flight yesterday. An investigation into the cause of his fall has been ordered.

(Continued on Page 3)

(Continued on Page 3)